

Financial Statements December 31, 2015 and 2014

Cass Rural Water Users District

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Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Directors Cass Rural Water Users District Kindred, North Dakota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Cass Rural Water Users District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Cass Rural Water Users District as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and its cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Boards who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements. The Schedule of Directors, Officers, and Manager and Comparative Schedules of Operations are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Comparative Schedule of Operations is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the comparative schedule of are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Schedule of Directors, Officers, and Manager has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated February 18, 2016 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. Those reports are an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Fargo, North Dakota February 18, 2016

sde Sailly LLP

This section of the District's financial report presents our analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements, which follow this section.

The information in this MDA is presented under the following headings:

- Financial Highlights
- Organization and Business
- Statement of Net Position Overview
- Capital Assets and Debt Administration
- Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Overview
- Request for Information

Financial Highlights

- Assets Increased nearly \$2.9 million due primarily to new pipeline added during 2015.
- Operating expenses Increased nearly 9.9% due increases in administrative and general expenses, as well as increases to purchased water.

Organization and Business

Cass Rural Water Users District provides water service to approximately 4,500 rural residences and 14 communities in Cass County and parts of Trail, Barnes, Ransom and Richland counties serving a total estimated population of 15,000 in a 2,000 square mile service area. The District is a political subdivision of the State of North Dakota pursuant to Chapter 61-35 of the North Dakota Century Code. The District recovers cost of service through user fees.

Statement of Net Position Overview

	2015	2014	2013
Assets			
Capital assets	\$ 34,886,212	\$ 31,379,589	\$ 29,988,768
Other property and investments	15,603,233	14,373,515	13,623,504
Current assets	5,358,195	4,662,105	3,916,862
Total assets	55,847,640	50,415,209	47,529,134
Liabilities			
Long-term debt, less current maturities	22,189,424	21,395,459	21,226,407
Other liabilities	2,706,052	1,847,354	1,588,896
Total liabilities	24,895,476	23,242,813	22,815,303
Net Position			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	10,435,027	8,645,960	7,552,825
Restricted for debt service	5,918,211	4,052,577	2,493,643
Unrestricted	14,598,926	14,473,859	14,667,363
Total net position	\$ 30,952,164	\$ 27,172,396	\$ 24,713,831

The total assets of the District increased by 11%, from \$50.4 million to \$55.8 million. The increase in total assets is broken down as follows:

Water Plant in service	3,507,000
Current Assets	696,000
Other Property and Investments	1,230,000

During 2009, per terms of the "Memorandum of Understanding" with the City of Fargo and Tharaldson Ethanol Group, the District executed a bill of sale which transferred ownership of a water treatment plant constructed on land owned by the City of Fargo to the city. In return the City of Fargo is committed to sell water to the District for resale to Tharaldson Ethanol for a period of 20 years. Additional terms of the agreement require Tharaldson Ethanol Group and the City of Fargo to make all debt payments for the project. The repayment contract also includes a guarantee from Mr. Gary Tharaldson and Tharaldson Hotels. The District holds an escrow account as additional security for the debt associated with this project.

Current assets increased by nearly \$705,000. This was a result of increase in cash and cash equivalents.

The net position of the District increased by approximately \$3.8 million.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

At the end of 2015, the District had \$34.8 million (net of accumulated depreciation) in a broad range of utility capital assets and other property. The investment in capital and other property assets includes land, buildings, improvements, water treatment plants, water transmission and distribution mains, water storage facilities, pump stations, machinery, equipment and certain intangible assets. The District's net revenue, long term debt and contributions from customers are used to finance these capital investments. More detailed information concerning the additions and retirements appears later in this document in note 5 of the financial statements.

As of December 31, 2015 the District had total long term debt including current maturities outstanding of \$24.4 million. The District invests funds in certificates of deposit and other similar investments in such a manner so that as these investments mature funds are available to make the necessary payments. As of December 31, 2015 the District had funds on hand to make all debt payments through the year 2016. The details of the various debt instruments are presented in more detail in note 6 of the financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Overview

	2015	2014	2013
Total Revenues	\$ 7,070,533	\$ 6,133,610	6,269,270
Total Expenses	5,504,388	5,173,147	5,080,280
Income	1,566,145	960,463	1,188,990
Capital Contributions Special assessment	2,213,623	1,498,102	815,827
Change in Net Position	3,779,768	2,458,565	2,004,817
Net Position, Beginning of Year	27,172,396	24,713,831	22,709,014
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 30,952,164	\$ 27,172,396	\$ 24,713,831

Overall operating expenses increased by 9.9% or approximately \$430,000. Administration expenses increased by approximately \$291,800 due increases in in bond issuance costs and salaries. Purchased water expenses increased by \$151,000.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

There are a number of factors or issues that have a bearing on the future of Cass Rural Water District that can be broken down as follows:

- Water Supply Cass Rural Water District is dependent on ground water as its primary source of water. One of the three aquifers the District utilizes has a finite life of perhaps another 25 to 30 years. As a result the District has been very active with the Lake Agassiz Water Authority to develop a more dependable source of water.
- Territorial Integrity Due to the rapid growth of the urban areas around Fargo and West Fargo both cities have extended their boundaries into areas that overlap the District's boundary. To date the District has been able to negotiate reasonable arrangements with both cities to address these territorial issues. The District will continue to foster good working relationships with Fargo and West Fargo as well as making an effort to keep abreast of any legal developments in this area of federal law.
- Federal Regulation Each year the Environmental Protection Agency issues new rules for the regulations of public drinking water systems. With each new regulation comes increased cost and additional record keeping requirements. The District is committed to meeting all applicable drinking water standards while keeping costs as reasonable as possible.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide ratepayers and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and demonstrate the District's accountability for monies it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, please contact: the General Manger, Cass Rural Water District, P.O. Box 98, Kindred, North Dakota 58051.

	2015	2014
Assets		
Water Plant		
In service	\$ 43,530,935	\$ 39,679,874
Construction in progress	1,406,895	1,119,880
Total water plant	44,937,830	40,799,754
Less accumulated depreciation	10,051,618	9,420,165
Water plant - net	34,886,212	31,379,589
Other Property and Investments		
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization	7,296,369	7,817,538
Special assessment receivable, net of current portion	5,510,730	3,370,411
Patronage capital credits from nonassociated companies	230,884	230,482
Special funds	2,565,250	2,955,084
Total other property and investments	15,603,233	14,373,515
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	3,674,502	3,194,845
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	155,358	5,265
Temporary investments	581,183	260,689
Accounts receivable, less accumulated provision	001,100	200,000
for uncollectible accounts (2015 - \$2,127, 2014 - \$1,481)	449,885	455,675
Delinquent special assessment receivables	37,438	18,981
Special assessment receivable, current portion	407,481	682,166
Inventory	3,422	3,422
Prepaid Items	42,458	34,594
Interest receivable	6,468	6,468
Total current assets	5,358,195	4,662,105
Total assets	\$ 55,847,640	\$ 50,415,209

	2015	2014
Net Position and Liabilities		
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service Unrestricted Total net position	\$ 10,435,027 5,918,211 14,598,926 30,952,164	\$ 8,645,960 4,052,577 14,473,859 27,172,396
Long - Term Debt, Less Current Maturities	22,189,424	21,395,459
Current Liabilities Current maturities of long-term debt Accounts payable Accrued vacation Accrued interest Total current liabilities	2,261,761 182,969 38,722 222,600 2,706,052	1,338,170 294,722 26,698 187,764 1,847,354
Total net position and liabilities	\$ 55,847,640	\$ 50,415,209

	2015	2014
Operating Revenues		
Metered sales to customers	\$ 6,044,069	\$ 5,720,871
Miscellaneous	57,372	52,477
Total operating revenues	6,101,441	5,773,348
Operating Expenses		
Pumping expense	210,280	230,763
Water treatment and testing expense	103,679	126,987
Transmission and distribution expense	562,951	522,268
Administrative and general expense	1,006,293	792,239
Purchased water	1,526,034	1,374,665
Depreciation expense	702,194	716,976
Amortization expense	521,169	521,169
Taxes	58,262	53,883
Total operating expenses	4,690,862	4,338,950
Operating Income	1,410,579	1,434,398
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Interest on special assessments	176,401	135,112
Investment income	27,217	23,387
Franchise fee payment	59,136	136,905
Grant revenue	744,014	50,437
Membership revenue	11,600	7,240
Bond issuance costs	(80,673)	-
Miscellaneous revenue	31,397	7,181
Interest expense	(813,526)	(834,197)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses), net	155,566	(473,935)
Income Before Contributions	1,566,145	960,463
Capital Contributions		
Special assessments	2,213,623	1,498,102
Change in Net Position	3,779,768	2,458,565
Net Position, Beginning of Year	27,172,396	24,713,831
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 30,952,164	\$ 27,172,396

	2015	2014
Operating Activities Operating cash receipts from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Miscellaneous payments	\$ 8,320,854 (996,527) (994,269) (1,584,296)	\$ 7,215,713 (716,278) (792,239) (1,428,548)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	4,745,762	4,278,648
Investing Activities Purchase of investments Sale of investments Interest received	(320,494) 389,834 27,217	(333,618) 34,931 23,387
Net Cash from (used for) Investing Activities	96,557	(275,300)
Capital and Related Financing Activities Interest payments on debt Proceeds from long-term borrowings Net additions to special assessments Payment of bond issuance costs Additions to plant Proceeds from sale of plant Proceeds from grant revenue Principal payments on long-term debt	(778,690) 2,971,794 (1,676,294) (80,673) (4,167,690) (41,529) 744,014 (1,254,237)	(858,462) 1,500,000 (1,122,498) - (2,107,797) - 50,437 (1,202,314)
Net Cash used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	(4,283,305)	(3,740,634)
Noncapital Financing Activities Franchise fee payment Membership revenue	59,136 11,600	144,145 7,240
Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities	70,736	151,385
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	629,750	414,099
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	3,200,110	2,786,011
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 3,829,860	\$ 3,200,110

		2015		2014
Operating Activity Reconciliation				
Operating income	\$	1,410,579	\$	1,434,398
Adjustments to reconcile operating income				
to net cash from operating activities				
Depreciation expense		702,194		716,976
Amortization of intangible assets		521,169		521,169
Changes in assets and liabilities				
Accounts receivable		2,219,413		1,442,365
Prepayments		(7,864)		16,891
Accounts payable		(111,753)		146,849
Accrued vacation		12,024		
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$	4,745,762	\$	4,278,648
Noncash Investing Activities				
Patronage capital credit	\$	_	\$	(7,187)
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	(1, 11)
Capital contribution recognized by special assessment	\$	2,213,623	\$	1,498,102
Refinancing of bonds through refunding	\$	2,060,000	\$	_

Note 1 - Organization and Nature of Operations

The District was organized and formally incorporated as of November 6, 1973, for the express purpose of providing water service in the state of North Dakota for the use and benefit of its members on a cooperative basis. Effective September 1, 2002, the organization reorganized as a water district under the authority of the North Dakota Century Code Chapter 61-35.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

General

The public utility activities of Cass Rural Water Users District (District) are non-regulated as such. However, the District follows the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners' Uniform System of Accounts prescribed for Class A and B Water Utilities.

Reporting entity

For financial reporting purposes, a reporting entity's financial statements should include all component units over which another component unit (oversight unit) exercises financial accountability. Financial accountability includes such aspects as appointment of governing body members, designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters.

Based upon the above criteria, there are no component units to be included within Cass Rural Water Users District as a reporting entity.

Basis of Accounting

With respect to proprietary activities Cass Rural Water Users District has adopted GASB statement No. 62 "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements."

Receivable and Credit Policy

Trade receivables are uncollateralized customer obligations due under normal trade terms requiring payment within 30 days from the invoice date. Customers are charged a one-time 10% charge for late payments. The receivables are non-interest bearing. Payments on trade receivables are applied to the latest unpaid invoices. The carrying amount of trade receivables is reduced by a valuation allowance that reflects management's best estimate of the amounts that will not be collected.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of all cash sources and certificates of deposit that have an original maturity of three months or less.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are reported using the consumption method and recorded as an expense at the time of consumption.

Temporary Investments

Investments in asset backed securities are reported at fair value. Fair value is determined based on quoted market prices if available or estimated fair value using quoted market prices for similar securities. Interest, dividends, gains and losses, both realized and unrealized, on investments in debt and equity securities are included in other income (deductions).

Special Funds

Several of the District's loan agreements require funds to be set aside in a reserve account. These amounts are reported as "special funds" on the Statement of Net Position. At December 31, 2015 and 2014, the District has complied with the reserve account requirements of the loan agreements.

Plant Additions and Retirements

Utility plant is stated at cost. The cost of additions to utility plant includes contracted work, direct labor and materials, and allocable overheads. When units of property are retired, sold or otherwise disposed of in the ordinary course of business, their average book cost, less net salvage, is charged to accumulated provision for depreciation. Repairs and the replacement and renewal of items determined to be less than units of property are charged to maintenance expense. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost equal to or greater than \$500, except for plant which is capitalized in their entirety.

Depreciation

Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method based upon estimated useful lives of the various classes of property. Such provision, as a percentage of the average balance of depreciable property in service, was 1.71% and 1.89% in 2015 and 2014.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are stated at amortized cost. The intangible assets are the right to supply treated wastewater and treat the wastewater return flow for a period of years to come. They are being amortized over the life of the agreement, which is over 20 years. The project was completed at the end of 2009. The amortization expense recorded in 2015 and 2014 was \$521,169.

Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenditures

The District reports operating revenues and expenses separately from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from producing and delivering goods in connection with the District's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District are charges to customers for sale of water. Operating expenses for the District include the costs of sales, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue from water sales is reflected in the accounts at the time delivered.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Business and Credit Risk

The District provides water service on account to its members which are located primarily in Cass County, North Dakota.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications of amounts previously reported have been made to the accompanying financial statements to maintain consistency between periods presented. The reclassifications had no impact on previously reported net position.

Note 3 - Long-Term Receivables

Special assessments

During 2004, the District entered into an agreement with the City of Fargo, to sell water within specified properties in the Osgood development located in Fargo. In order to serve the development, the District levied special assessments against the property in the development. The special assessments call for annual payments of \$66,000 plus interest at 5.6% commencing with 2005 and ending 2020.

The District has created one or more improvement districts for the purpose of constructing improvements. For 2006, the improvement districts are Silverleaf and Custer Crossing Water Improvement Districts. To finance such improvements, the District has issued \$303,000 Improvement Bonds of 2006 and has levied assessments on the property in the improvement districts benefited thereby to pay for the bonds. The special assessments call for annual payments varying from \$6,000 to \$24,000 at 5.20% commencing with 2007 and ending 2022.

In 2008, the District issued \$620,000 Improvement Bonds of 2008 and has levied the assessments on the property in the improvement districts benefited thereby to pay for the bonds. The improvement districts are Maple Valley and Prairie Grove Water Improvement Districts. The special assessments call for annual payments varying from \$30,000 to \$55,000 at 4.25% to 5.00% commencing in 2009 and ending 2023.

In 2009, the District issued \$265,000 Improvement Bonds of 2009 and has levied the assessments on the property in the Maple Valley Improvement District to pay for the bonds. The special assessments call for annual payments varying from \$21,000 to \$27,000 at 2.60% to 4.50% commencing in 2010 and ending 2024.

In 2010, the District levied additional assessments on the property in Maple Valley Improvement District to pay for the Improvement Bonds of 2009.

In 2012, the District levied additional assessments on the properties in the Deer Creek, Silverleaf, Maple Valley and other smaller improvement districts. The special assessments call for annual payments varying from \$60,000 to \$85,000 at 0.60% to 2.650% commencing in 2013 and ending 2027.

In 2013, the District issued \$810,000 Series B of 2013 Bonds and has levied the assessments on the property in the Davies and Deer Creek Improvement Districts to pay for the bonds. The special assessments call for annual payments varying from \$35,000 to \$60,000 at 0.80% to 4.00% commencing in 2014 and ending 2028.

In 2014, the District issued \$1,500,000 of 2014 Bonds and has levied the assessments on the property in the Eagle Point, Deer Creek, Fargo Park, and Davies Improvement Districts to pay for the bonds. The special assessments call for annual payments varying from \$90,000 to \$105,000 at 0.80% to 3.10% commencing in 2015 and ending 2029.

In 2015, the District issued \$2,235,000 of 2015 Bonds and has levied the assessments on the property in the Crofton Cove, Deer Creek, Golden Valley, and Crofton Improvement Districts to pay for the bonds. The special assessments call for annual payments varying from \$85,000 to \$175,000 at 0.80% to 3.50% commencing in 2016 and ending 2030.

Note 4 - Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

The District's investments are generally reported at fair value, as discussed in Note 1. At December 31, 2015 and 2014, the District had the following investments, all of which are held in the District's name by various custodial banks that were agents of the District:

As of December 31, 2015, the District has the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	Fair Value Less than 1		 1-5	
Certificate of Deposits	\$ 1,580,000	\$		\$ 1,580,000
Government National Mortgage Association	\$ 77,021	\$	77,021	\$

As of December 31, 2014, the District has the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type				Fair Value Less than 1		1-5
Certificate of Deposits	\$	1,860,000	\$		\$	1,860,000
Government National Mortgage Association	\$	95,964	\$	95,964	\$	

Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District does not have a formal policy to limit exposure to credit risk. The asset back securities noted above are not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits the total amount of securities that can be held with any one company or government agency.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a formal policy to limit exposure to custodial credit risk.

Pledged Collateral

In accordance with North Dakota Century Code, the District maintains deposits at those depository banks and brokerages authorized by the Board of Directors, all of which are covered by Federal Depository Insurance or Securities Investor Protection. Century Code requires that all of the District's deposits be protected by insurance, collateral or surety bond. The market value of the collateral pledged must be equal to or greater than 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds. At December 31, 2015 all deposits were insured or collateralized by securities held by the District's agent in the District's name.

The carrying amount of deposits and investments shown above is in the District's balance sheet as follows:

	 2015	 2014
Carrying Amount		
Deposits in bank	\$ 5,319,272	\$ 4,459,919
Certificates of deposit	1,580,000	1,860,000
Investments	 77,021	 95,964
	\$ 6,976,293	\$ 6,415,883
Included in the following balance sheet captions		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,674,502	\$ 3,194,845
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	155,358	5,265
Temporary cash investments	581,183	260,689
Special funds	 2,565,250	2,955,084
	\$ 6,976,293	\$ 6,415,883

Note 5 - Water Plant And Depreciation

As of December 31, 2015:

is of December 31, 2013.	Balance 1/1/15	Additions	Retirements	Balance 12/31/15	
Classified Water Plant in Service					
Construction in progress	\$ 1,119,880	\$ 3,867,250	\$ 3,580,234	\$ 1,406,895	
Intangible plant					
Organization	3,191	-	_	3,191	
Franchises and consents	316	-	_	316	
	3,507		-	3,507	
Distribution plant					
Land and land rights	395,436	300,000	-	695,436	
Collecting and impounding reservoirs	3,744,354	-	-	3,744,354	
Wells	817,751	-	-	817,751	
Electric pumping equipment	874,943	-	-	874,943	
Water treatment equipment	879,725	-	-	879,725	
Transmission and distribution mains	24,719,530	2,780,855	-	27,500,385	
Transmission mains - Ethanol pipe	5,233,269	-	-	5,233,269	
Service leads	21,169	-	-	21,169	
Services	45	-	-	45	
Meters	1,069,478	40,663	-	1,110,141	
	37,755,700	3,121,518	-	40,877,218	
General plant					
Structures and improvements	237,462	652,578	-	890,040	
Office furniture and equipment	231,565	33,741	29,211	236,095	
Transportation equipment	289,357	35,601	-	324,958	
Tools, shop and garage equipment	338,936	32,866	-	371,802	
Other equipment - reservoir monitors	823,347	3,968	-	827,315	
	1,920,667	758,754	29,211	2,650,210	
Total water plant	\$ 40,799,754	\$ 7,747,522	\$ 3,609,445	\$ 44,937,830	

Accumulated depreciation as of December 31, 2015:

	Depreciation Rates in %	Balance 1/01/14	Accruals	Retirements	Balance 12/31/15	
Distribution Plant						
Collecting and impounding reservoirs	2.0	\$ 1,567,192	\$ 74,887	\$ -	\$ 1,642,079	
Wells	2.0	278,356	16,355	-	294,711	
Electric pumping equipment	5.0	910,132	-	-	910,132	
Water treatment equipment	5.0	1,084,871	-	-	1,084,871	
Transmission	1.0	3,907,638	351,860	_	4,259,498	
Meters	4.0	519,177	42,779	_	561,956	
Service Leads	1.0	14,819	4,234		19,053	
Totals - distribution mains		8,282,185	490,115		8,772,300	
General Plant						
Structures and improvements	2.0	99,105	4,749	-	103,854	
Office furniture and equipment	10.0-15.0	201,495	34,735	18,791	217,439	
Transportation equipment	33.3	253,103	39,415	51,950	240,568	
Tools, shop and garage equipment	15.0	288,873	50,840	· <u>-</u>	339,713	
Reservoir monitors	10.0	295,404	82,340		377,744	
Totals - general plant		1,137,980	212,079	70,741	1,279,318	
Totals - all plant		\$ 9,420,165	\$ 702,194	\$ 70,741	\$ 10,051,618	

During 2007, the District entered into an agreement with Tharaldson Ethanol Plant I, LLC to design and construct an ethanol plant in the Casselton Township. The total cost of the project was \$15,656,652, and was completed during 2009. The project was financed by the District through a note from the North Dakota Public Finance Authority. Upon completion of the construction project, ownership of \$10,423,383 of plant was transferred to the City of Fargo who is responsible for operation and maintenance of plant. Because the Districts retains the right to supply treated wastewater and treat the wastewater return flow for the next 20 years, that amount has been recorded as an intangible asset and is being amortized over the life of the agreement. The District will own, operate, and maintain the remaining \$5,233,269.

The City of Fargo is responsible for the repayment of \$1,703,088 of a note acquired for construction. The remaining balance is the responsibility of Tharaldson Ethanol Plant I, LLC (Tharaldson). As security for Tharaldson's debt service obligations, the District required personal guarantee of Gary Tharaldson and also Tharaldson Hotels for the bonding and required one year's bond payment (Upfront Deposit) to be held by a mutually agreed-upon third party. Until the bonds are retired, Tharaldson will pay its bond payment amount, plus an additional 20% which the District will place in a reserve fund. Interest earned on the reserve fund will be held for Tharaldson's debt service payment schedule.

As of December 31, 2014:

	Balance 1/1/14 Additions		Retirements	Balance 12/31/14	
Classified Water Plant in Service					
Construction in progress	\$ 249,990	\$ 1,924,033	\$ 1,054,143	\$ 1,119,880	
Intangible plant					
Organization	3,191	-	-	3,191	
Franchises and consents	316	-	-	316	
	3,507	-	-	3,507	
Distribution plant					
Land and land rights	395,436	-	-	395,436	
Collecting and impounding reservoirs	3,744,354	-	-	3,744,354	
Wells	817,751	-	-	817,751	
Electric pumping equipment	874,943	-	-	874,943	
Water treatment equipment	879,725	-	-	879,725	
Transmission and distribution mains	23,685,202	1,034,328	-	24,719,530	
Transmission mains - Ethanol pipe	5,233,269	-	-	5,233,269	
Service leads	21,169	-	-	21,169	
Services	45	-	-	45	
Meters	984,299	85,179		1,069,478	
	36,636,193	1,119,507		37,755,700	
General plant					
Structures and improvements	237,462	-	-	237,462	
Office furniture and equipment	224,413	7,152	-	231,565	
Transportation equipment	309,179	32,128	51,950	289,357	
Tools, shop and garage equipment	313,119	25,817	-	338,936	
Other equipment - reservoir monitors	770,044	53,303		823,347	
	1,854,217	118,400	51,950	1,920,667	
Total water plant	\$ 38,743,907	\$ 3,161,940	\$ 1,106,093	\$ 40,799,754	

Accumulated depreciation as of December 31, 2014:

	Depreciation Rates in %	Balance 01/01/14	Accruals	Retirements	Balance 12/31/14	
Distribution Plant						
Collecting and impounding reservoirs	2.0	\$ 1,492,305	\$ 74,887	\$ -	\$ 1,567,192	
Wells	2.0	262,001	16,355	-	278,356	
Electric pumping equipment	5.0	874,943	35,189	-	910,132	
Water treatment equipment	5.0	848,019	236,852	-	1,084,871	
Transmission	1.0	3,802,973	104,665	-	3,907,638	
Meters	4.0	479,805	39,372	-	519,177	
Service Leads	1.0	10,585	4,234		14,819	
Totals - distribution mains		7,770,631	511,554		8,282,185	
General Plant						
Structures and improvements	2.0	94,356	4,749	-	99,105	
Office furniture and equipment	10.0-15.0	167,833	33,662	-	201,495	
Transportation equipment	33.3	262,014	43,039	51,950	253,103	
Tools, shop and garage equipment	15.0	241,905	46,968	-	288,873	
Reservoir monitors	10.0	218,400	77,004		295,404	
Totals - general plant		984,508	205,422	51,950	1,137,980	
Totals - all plant		\$ 8,755,139	\$ 716,976	\$ 51,950	\$ 9,420,165	

Note 6 - Long-Term Debt

	Balance January 1, 2015	Additions	Payments	Balance December 31, 2015	Due within One Year
Bank of North Dakota	\$ 222,615	\$ -	\$ 42,711	\$ 179,904	\$ 43,674
Rural Utilities Service	1,631,484	-	1,631,484	-	-
State Revolving Fund	1,105,000	-	90,000	1,015,000	90,000
Bond Issue 2006	169,000	-	20,000	149,000	21,000
Radcliffe Revocable Trust North Dakota Public	94,744	-	7,486	87,258	7,870
Finance Authority North Dakota Public	12,625,651	-	715,000	11,910,651	740,000
Finance Authority	1,015,000	-	55,000	960,000	55,000
Bond Issue 2008	415,000	-	415,000	-	-
Bremer Bond Issue	980,987	-	30,599	950,388	27,423
Bond Issue 2009	190,000	-	15,000	175,000	15,000
Bond Issue 2010	320,000	-	65,000	255,000	65,000
Tharaldson Ethanol Escrow	784,148	-	1,958	782,190	-
Starion Bond Series A	905,000	-	85,000	820,000	85,000
Starion Bond Series B	775,000	-	50,000	725,000	50,000
Starion Bond Series 2014	1,500,000	-	90,000	1,410,000	95,000
Refunding Improvement Bond 2015	-	390,000	-	390,000	45,000
Refunding Revenue Bonds of 2015	-	1,670,000	-	1,670,000	100,000
ND PFA SRF 2014	-	736,794	-	736,794	736,794
2015 Improvement Bond	-	2,235,000	-	2,235,000	85,000
	\$ 22,733,629	\$ 5,031,794	\$ 3,314,238	\$ 24,451,185	\$ 2,261,761
	Balance			Balance	
	January 1,			December 31.	Due within
	2014	Additions	Payments	2014	One Year
Bank of North Dakota	\$ 264,898	\$ -	\$ 42,283	\$ 222,615	\$ 42,818
Rural Utilities Service	1,667,409	-	35,925	1,631,484	36,959
State Revolving Fund	1,190,000	-	85,000	1,105,000	90,000
Bond Issue 2006	189,000	-	20,000	169,000	20,000
Radcliffe Revocable Trust North Dakota Public	101,864	-	7,120	94,744	7,486
Finance Authority North Dakota Public	13,315,651	-	690,000	12,625,651	715,000
Finance Authority	1,070,001	-	55,001	1,015,000	55,000
Bond Issue 2008	450,000	-	35,000	415,000	40,000
Bremer Bond Issue	1,006,008	-	25,021	980,987	25,907
Bond Issue 2009	205,000	-	15,000	190,000	15,000
Bond Issue 2010	390,000	-	70,000	320,000	65,000
Tharaldson Ethanol Escrow	786,112	-	1,964	784,148	-
Starion Bond Series A	990,000	-	85,000	905,000	85,000
Starion Bond Series B	810,000	-	35,000	775,000	50,000
Starion Bond Series 2014		1,500,000	-	1,500,000	90,000
	\$ 22,435,943	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,082,314	\$ 22,733,629	\$ 1,338,170

Maturity dates and interest rates are as follows:

	Maturity Date	Interest Rate
Bank of North Dakota	2019	2.00%
Rural Utilities Service	2038	5.125%
State Revolving Fund	2029	2.50%
Bond Issue 2004	2019	3.30 - 4.40%
Bond Issue 2006	2023	5.20%
Radcliffe Revocable Trust	2024	5.02%
North Dakota Public Finance Authority	2028	3.50%
North Dakota Public Finance Authority	2029	2.50%
Series 2008 Revenue Bond	2011	4.75%
Bond Issue 2008	2023	4.25 - 5.00%
Bremer Bond Issue	2034	6.25%
Bond Issue 2009	2024	2.6 - 4.5
Bond Issue 2010	2019	1.10 - 3.35%
Tharaldson Ethanol Escrow	2028	-
Starion Bond Series A	2027	0.60 - 2.65%
Starion Bond Series B	2028	0.80 - 4.00%
Starion Bond Series 2014	2029	0.80 - 3.10%
Refunding Revenue Bonds of 2015	2030	0.90-3.00%
Refunding Improvement Bonds of 2015	2023	1.40 - 2.10%
Improvement Bonds of 2015	2030	0.80 - 3.50%
North Dakota Public Finance Authority	2034	2.00%

All assets are pledged as security for these debts. The Bank of North Dakota and Radcliffe Revocable Trust notes require annual payments of principal and interest and the North Dakota Public Finance Authority notes require annual payments of principal and semi-annual payments of interest.

During 2014, the District issued \$1,500,000 of Series 2014 Bonds. The agreement requires semi-annual payments, including interest, at an interest rate from 0.80% to 3.10%. Payments commence in May 2015 through May 2029.

During 2015, the District issued \$2,235,000 of Series 2015 Bonds. The agreement requires semi-annual payments, including interest, at an interest rate from 0.80% to 3.50%. Payments commence in May 2016 through May 2030.

During 2015, the District issued a note payable of \$3,000,000 with the North Dakota Public Finance Authority for the Reservoir E Expansion Project. As of December 31, 2015 \$736,794 has been borrowed on this note, with the remaining amount expected to be borrowed in future years as the project progresses.

In 2015, the Refunding Revenue Bonds of 2015 were issued to refund the outstanding debt of the USDA Rural Utility Service Loan. The refunding transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$349,807. Payments commence in May of 2016 through May of 2030.

In 2015, the Improvement Bonds of 2015 were issued to refund the outstanding debt of the Improvement Bonds of 2008. The refunding transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$34,882. Payments commence in May of 2016 through May of 2023.

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Minimum principal and interest payments required are estimated as follows:

	Long-term Debt					
Year Ending December 31:	Principal	Interest				
2016	\$ 2,261,761	\$ 781,255				
2017	1,599,208	740,493				
2018	1,643,441	692,550				
2019	1,681,627	641,810				
2020	1,628,984	589,140				
2021-2025	8,550,010	2,094,931				
2026-2030	6,803,263	588,630				
2031-2035	282,891	37,370				
2036-2038						
	\$ 24,451,185	\$ 6,166,179				

Note 7 - Lease Agreement

The District entered into a lease agreement with the City of Casselton to permit the District to utilize a portion of the storage capacity in the City of Casselton water tower. Under the agreement, the District is liable for 24% of the total shared cost which equates to the Districts portion of storage capacity. The agreement will remain in effect for an initial term of 25 years and shall be automatically extended for successive terms of 5 years each unless either entity provides a minimum of 2 years advance written notice of intent to discontinue agreement. In the event the City of Casselton chooses to discontinue this agreement or any extension thereof, the City of Casselton shall remit to the District the initial project cost assumed by the District less accumulated depreciation which shall be calculated using the straight line method with a useful life of 80 years.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2016 2017	\$	17,973 17,964
2018 2019		17,946 17,919
2020 2021-2023		17,883 53,699
	_\$	143,384

The operation and maintenance cost for the water tower shall be the responsibility of the City of Casselton, except that the District shall be liable to the City of Casselton for a portion of said costs of operating and maintenance, as determined on a monthly gallon usage basis attributable to the District. The initial charge to cover these costs shall be \$.20 per 1,000 gallons. The District is expensing these costs as purchased water. Expense for December 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$46,049 and \$41,710, respectively.

Note 8 - Pension Plan

The District contributes to the Simplified Employee Pension Individual Retirement Account, a defined contribution pension plan, for substantially all employees. The plan is administered by the District's Board of Directors. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Plan are established and may be amended by the Board. The District is required to contribute 4 percent of the annual salary to individual employee accounts for each participating employee. District recognized pension expense of \$25,333. The District had a liability to the Plan of \$25,333 at December 31, 2015.

Note 9 - Commitments

Wholesale Water

Under its wholesale water agreement, the District is committed to purchase water from the City of Fargo. The District must purchase at least 500,000 gallons of treated water per month at \$3.20 per thousand gallons of treated water. This agreement has expired as of December 31, 2011 and another agreement has not been completed as of December 31, 2015. Both parties are operating under the terms of the expired agreement until a new agreement is signed, as no significant changes are expected.

Franchise Fee Agreement

The District entered into an agreement with the City of West Fargo on June 2005 in which the City of West Fargo purchased the rights and acquired a franchise to provide residential water services to the Westport Beach Additions located within the City of West Fargo city limits. In accordance with the agreement, the District agrees to release the Westport Beach Addition from its exclusive jurisdiction to the City of West Fargo as long as the City of West Fargo performs certain obligations, including installation of water meters at its own cost for each individual lot or user within the Westport Beach Addition, and payment of \$1,848 per meter installed to the District until the City of West Fargo has installed a meter for each individual lot within the Westport Beach Addition.

Agreement with the City of Oxbow

The District entered into an agreement with the City of Oxbow to provide billing and collection services for sewer services to the residents of the Bakke Subdivision and the Town of Hickson on a quarterly basis. Specific services to be provided by the District under this agreement included calculation, printing, and mailing of quarterly utility bills, receiving and processing payments from the citizens, account maintenance services such as name changes, adjustments, and address changes, and reasonable and necessary steps to collect amounts due from the citizens. The City of Oxbow agrees to a billing charge for the services provided. The initial cost to the City of Oxbow for the billing charge shall be \$.96 per bill.

Construction Commitment

As of December 31, 2015 the District has \$5,230,000 in construction commitments for the Reservoir E Expansion Project for the remaining work to be completed. Total contracted cost for the Project is \$6,350,000.



Supplementary Information December 31, 2015 and 2014

Cass Rural Water Users District

Name	Position
Brad Koetz	Chairman
Jon Zuther	Vice Chairman
Jeff Dahl	Secretary/Treasurer
R. Gordon Blixt	Director
Barry Bowman	Director
Keith Burley	Director
Todd Ellison	Director
Ed Finger	Director
Mark Johnson	Director
Jerry Blomeke	Manager

Cass Rural Water Users District Comparative Schedules of Operations Years Ended December 31, 2011 - 2015

	201	1	2013	2	2013	3	2014	4	201:	5
	Amount	Percent								
Operating Revenue	\$ 5,201,464	100.0 %	\$ 5,795,153	100.0 %	\$ 5,893,466	100.0 %	\$ 5,773,348	100.0 %	\$ 6,101,441	100.0 %
Operating Expenses										
Pumping	191,118	3.7	203,983	3.5	224,438	3.8	230,763	4.0	210,280	3.4
Water treatment and testing	120,400	2.3	121,675	2.1	136,737	2.3	126,987	2.2	103,679	1.7
Transmission and distribution	469,867	9.0	454,160	7.8	525,641	8.9	522,268	9.0	562,951	9.2
Administrative and general	759,965	14.6	672,424	11.6	697,224	11.8	792,239	13.7	1,006,293	16.5
Purchased water	1,228,588	23.6	1,424,307	24.6	1,403,557	23.8	1,374,665	23.8	1,526,034	25.0
Depreciation and amortization	1,104,796	21.2	1,189,095	20.5	1,173,927	19.9	1,238,145	21.4	1,223,363	20.1
Taxes	50,273	1.0	44,107	0.8	47,072	0.8	53,883	0.9	58,262	1.0
Total operating expenses	3,925,007	75.4	4,109,751	70.9	4,208,596	71.3	4,338,950	75.0	4,690,862	76.9
Utility Operating Income	1,276,457	24.6	1,685,402	29.1	1,684,870	28.7	1,434,398	25.0	1,410,579	23.1
Other Income (Deductions)										
Investment income	86,207	1.7	137,217	2.4	104.254	1.8	30,568	0.5	58.614	1.0
Interest special assessment	74,158	1.4	163,891	2.8	141,690	2.4	135,112	2.3	176,401	2.9
Special assessment		-	771,750	13.3	815.827	13.8	1,498,102	25.9	2,213,623	36.3
Franchise fee payment	55,440	1.1	70.224	1.2	129,360	2.2	144.145	2.5	59,136	1.0
Interest expense	(891,808)	(17.1)	(892,320)	(15.4)	(871,684)	(14.8)	(834,197)	(14.4)	(813,526)	(13.3)
Other	2,445,140	47.0	320,065	5.5	500	0.0	50,437	0.9	674,941	11.1
Total other income										
(deductions)	1,769,137	34.0	570,827	9.9	319,947	5.4	1,024,167	17.7	2,369,189	38.8
Net Income	\$ 3,045,594	58.6 %	\$ 2,256,229	39.0 %	\$ 2,004,817	34.1 %	\$ 2,458,565	42.7 %	\$ 3,779,768	61.9 %



Additional Reports December 31, 2015 and 2014

Cass Rural Water Users District



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Board of Directors Cass Rural Water Users District Kindred, North Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Cass Rural Water Users District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 18, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider deficiency 2015-A, 2015-B, and 2015-C described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be a material weaknesses.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

District's Response to Findings

The District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fargo, North Dakota February 18, 2016

God Sailly LLP

Material Weakness

2015-A Segregation of Duties

Condition – The District has a lack of segregation of duties due to a limited number of office personnel.

Criteria – A good system of internal accounting control requires an adequate segregation of duties so that no one individual has incompatible responsibilities. No one person should have more than one duty relating to the authorization (approval), custody of checks (check signers), record keeping and reconciliation functions.

Effect – Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the District's ability to detect misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements in a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Cause – There is a limited amount of office employees involved in the internal control process.

Recommendation – While we recognize that your office staff may not be large enough to permit complete segregation of duties in all material respects for an effective system of internal control, the functions should be reviewed to determine if additional segregation of duties is feasible and to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of financial management and financial statement accuracy for the District. Segregation of authorization, custody of assets, record keeping and reconciliation functions would assist in mitigating the risk of fraud or misstatements to the financial statements.

Management Response – At the present time, the District has segregated the duties of in the most efficient manner possible, given its limited staff. Due to cost constraints, there will be no further administrative employees added.

Material Weakness

2015-B Material Journal Entries

Condition – During the course of our engagement, we proposed material audit adjustments that would not have been identified as a result of the District's existing internal controls, and therefore could have resulted in a material misstatement of the District's financial statements.

Criteria – A good system of internal accounting control contemplates an adequate system for recording and processing entries material to the financial statements.

Effect – Inadequate controls could adversely affect the District's ability to detect misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements.

Cause – District personnel do not have adequate training to apply U.S. generally accepted accounting principles internally.

Recommendation – While we recognize that your office staff is limited, it is important that you be aware of this condition. In situations like this, management's close supervision and review of accounting information is the best means of preventing and detecting errors and irregularities.

Management Response – Due to the limited office staff, the District is aware of the deficiency in internal control. The District accepts the risk and due to cost constraints, there will be no further administrative employees added.

Material Weakness

2015-C Preparation of Financial Statements

Condition – The District does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the financial statements being audited. As auditors, we were requested to draft the financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Criteria – A good system of internal accounting control contemplates an adequate system for recording and processing entries material to the financial statements.

Cause – District personnel do not have adequate training to apply U.S. generally accepted accounting principles internally.

Effect – This control deficiency could result in a misstatement to the financial statements that would not be prevented or detected.

Recommendation – This circumstance is not unusual in a District of your size. It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations.

Management Response – The District is aware of the deficiency in internal control. The District accepts the risk and will not added additional administrative employees due to cost constraints.



Farmers Home Administration (FmHA) Comments

The Board of Directors Cass Rural Water Users District Kindred, North Dakota

We have audited the financial statements of Cass Rural Water Users District, for the year ended December 31, 2015, and have issued our report thereon dated February 18, 2016.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the District for the year ended December 31, 2015, we considered its internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be control deficiencies under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A control deficiency involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the District's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. The control deficiencies are described in the accompanying schedule of findings.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency in internal control, or combinations of deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency or a combination of significant deficiencies that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be a significant deficiency or a material weakness. However, we do believe findings 2015-A, 2015-B, and 2015-C are material weaknesses as described in the schedule of findings.

Our comments on specific financial and accounting matters, as required by the Farmers Home Administration (FmHA), are detailed below:

Accounting Records

The District's accounting records and procedures in effect during the year were considered to be adequate in all material respects, except as noted in the internal control over financial reporting deficiency above.

Controls over Assets

Physical controls over assets of the system are considered to be adequate, except as noted in the internal control over financial reporting material weaknesses above.

Compliance with Loan Documents

The District has complied with the provisions of the loan agreements, including maintenance of adequate cash reserves.

Agreement of Financial Statements and Accounting Records

The District's accounting records, after consideration of audit entries, are in agreement with the information in the audit report.

Deposits

All cash deposits are in institutions whose accounts are insured by an agency of the federal government.

Insurance Coverage

Commercial general liability \$ 3,000,000
Property 12,171,800
Automobile:

Liability Any Auto
Uninsured motorist All owned Autos
Physical damage ACV (less \$25)
Workers' compensation Statutory

Income Taxes

The District is a governmental entity, and as such, is not required to file income tax returns.

Users Delinquent Over 60 Days

Sak Sailly LLP

The total amount due from users delinquent over 60 days was \$3,494.

This letter supplements the information included in the financial statements. It is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Directors, and lenders and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Fargo, North Dakota February 18, 2016